

# Accellera Federated Simulation Standard (FSS) Proposed Working Group

Mark Burton





Groom

Bride





SMP2

TLM2

# Problem Statement

Different simulation approaches and standards...



**Avionics**

VISTAS /  
VHTNG



**Space**

SMP2



**Semi's**

SystemC  
TLM  
IP-XACT



**Automotive**

openADx  
openDRIVE  
openSCENARIO  
openCRG  
openPASS



**Mechatronics**

FMI / FMU

How to bring these industries and simulation approaches together?

# Context: Cross-Industry Collaboration Initiative

- A “Core Team” has been established in 2019 to exchange knowledge and best-practices
  - Inventorize existing simulation standards, its usage and coverage
  - Understand requirements, potential overlaps, and points of interaction
- Foster and initiate actions to improve and co-ordinate standards development and integration of simulation technologies
  - Collaborative action to make standards evolve according to our needs (e.g., interoperability, scalability, ...)
  - Explore cross-industry collaboration between Standards Developing Organizations and Consortia supporting open innovation and collaboration

## Core Team members\*

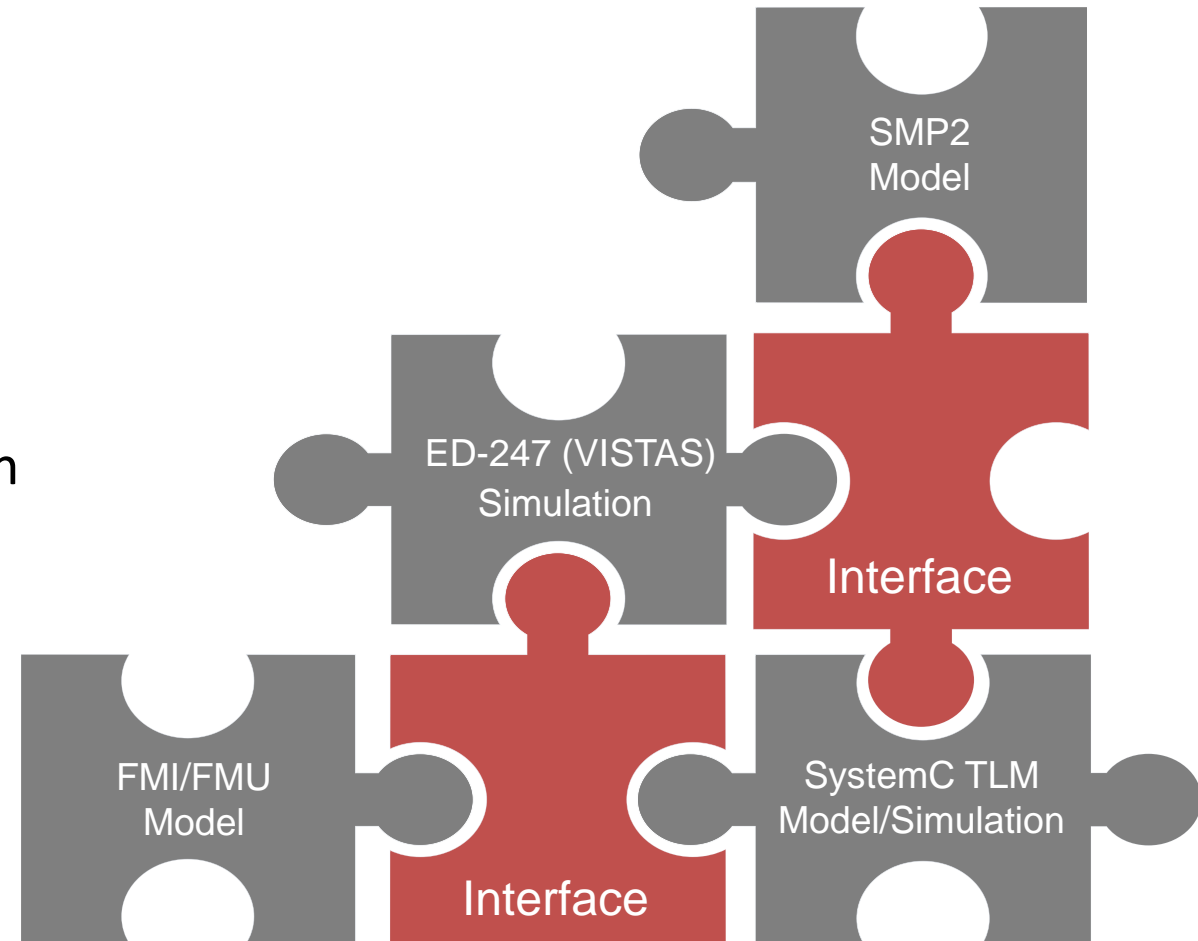
Airbus  
Aptiv  
AVL  
Bosch  
Collins Aerospace  
IRT Saint-Exupery  
NXP  
Qualcomm  
Shokubai  
Spacebel

# Federated Simulation Standard – Proposed WG

- Charter
  - Cross-industry collaboration to improve the interoperability of product and environment simulation using existing and new open standards
- Scope
  - Develop a standard (API) and open infrastructure to enable cross-industry interoperability of simulation frameworks
- Purpose the Proposed Working Group
  - Identify industry interest and requirements for a standard / API covering addressing interoperability of simulation
- Leadership
  - Chair: Martin Barnasconi (NXP), vice-chair: Mark Burton (Qualcomm)
- Envisioned Stakeholders
  - Companies active in different industry segments (e.g., Semiconductors, Automotive, Avionics, Space, ... )
  - Companies active in different stages of the value chain (Tier2, Tier1, OEM)

# FSS: Enabling cross-industry interoperability of simulation frameworks

- Approach: Leveraging and connecting existing standards and industry formats
  - Not re-invent wheels
- Introduce standardized interfaces
  - Enabling interoperability between simulation frameworks
- Targeting a scalable simulation and modeling ecosystem
  - Support models and simulation domains used at different levels of the 'OSI stack'





# The problem

Ethernet  
CAN  
GPIO  
SPI  
I2C  
UART

For some the problem is “only” the serial interfaces

How do we connect Engine controller A to device B.

But our problem is deeper....

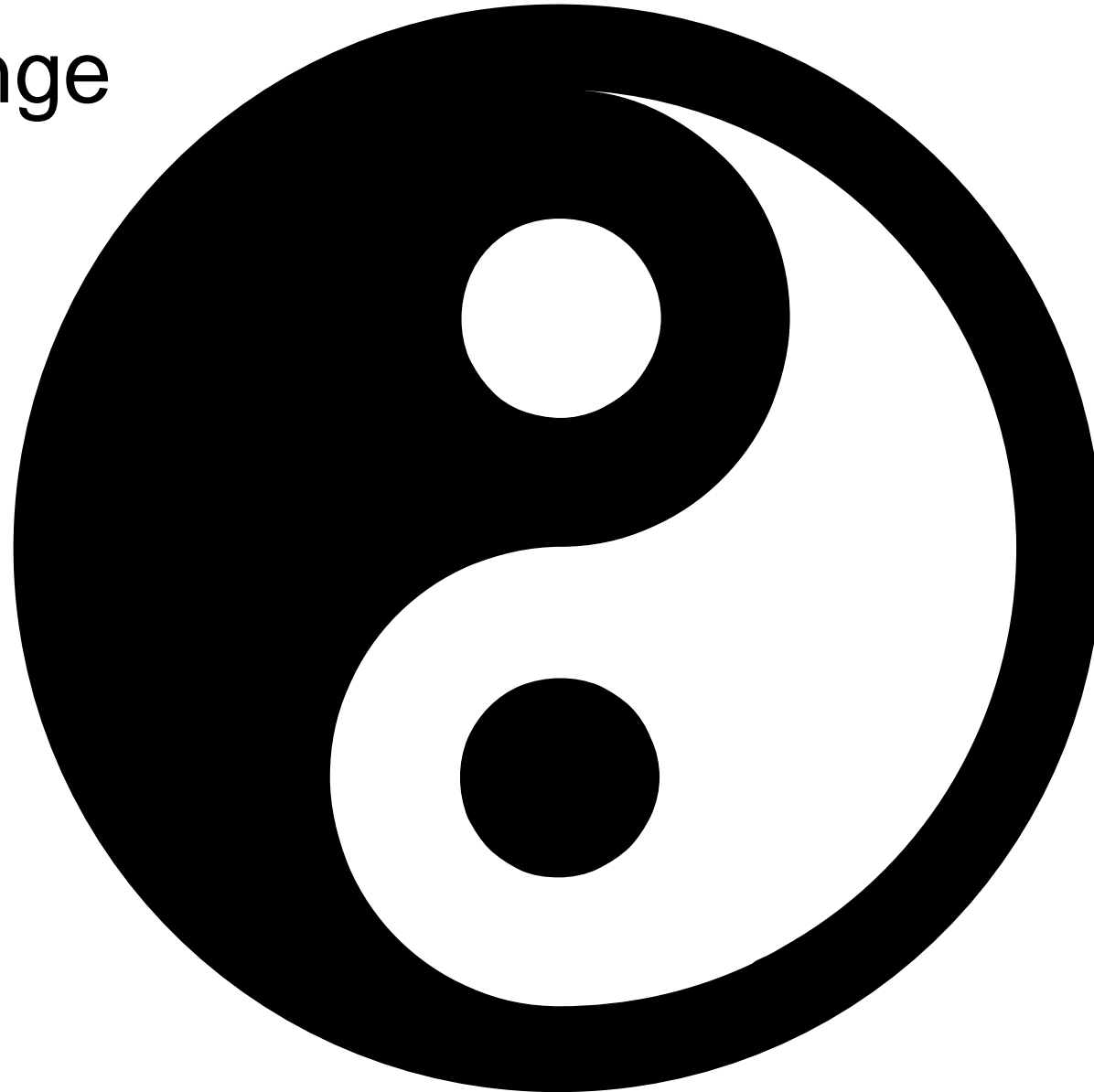
How do I re-use models

How do I connect models of one type to another

How do I even connect models of the ‘same’ type!

And How do we deal with HW/SW ‘connections’...

DATA Exchange  
(easy?)



TIME Sync  
(HARD?)

# Time (waits for no man)

Every simulation environment has a different notion of “time”

Many have multiple “times” :  
(Wall clock, simulation time, local time, quantum time . . . )

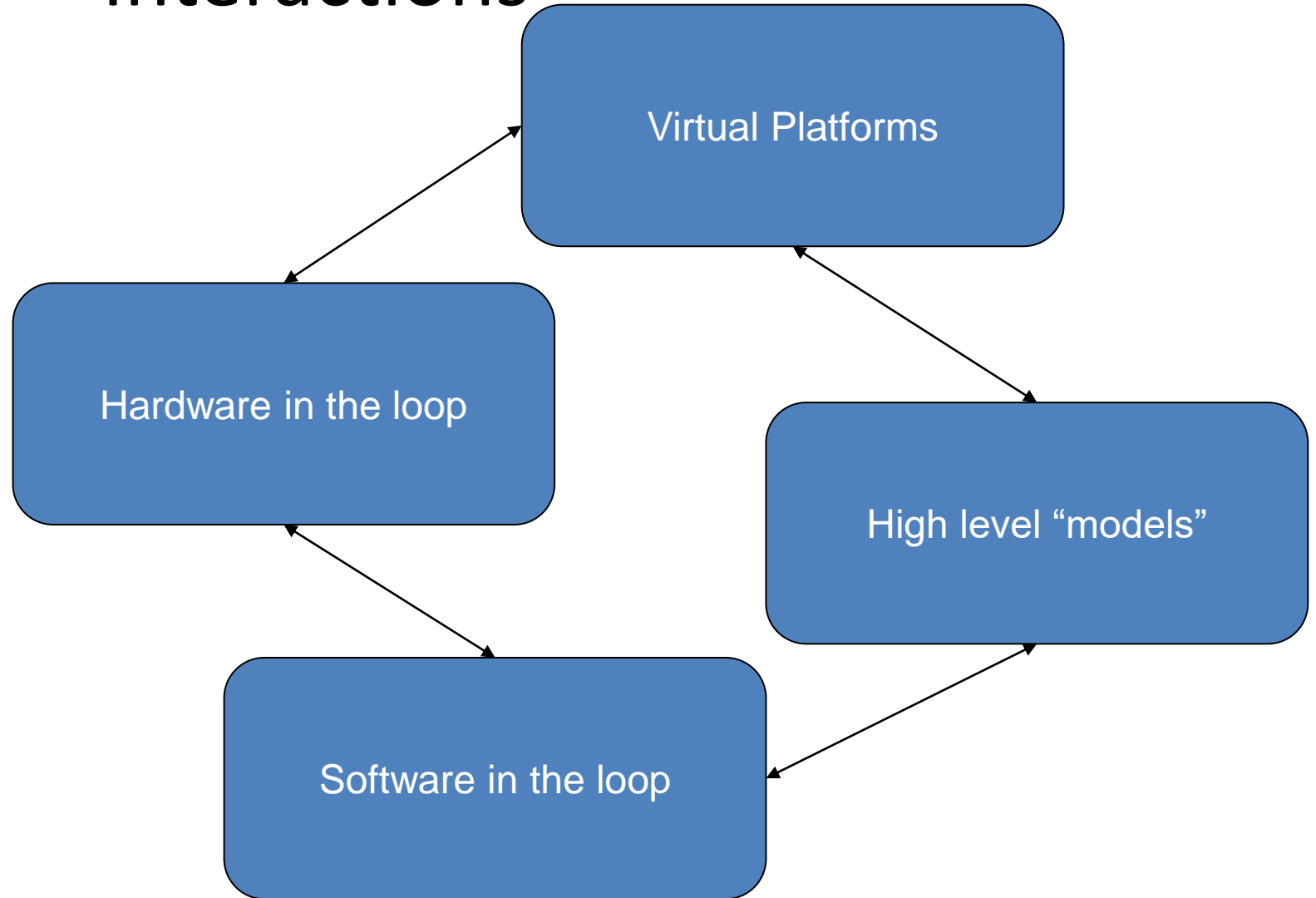


# Interactions

Abstracting data is not trivial...

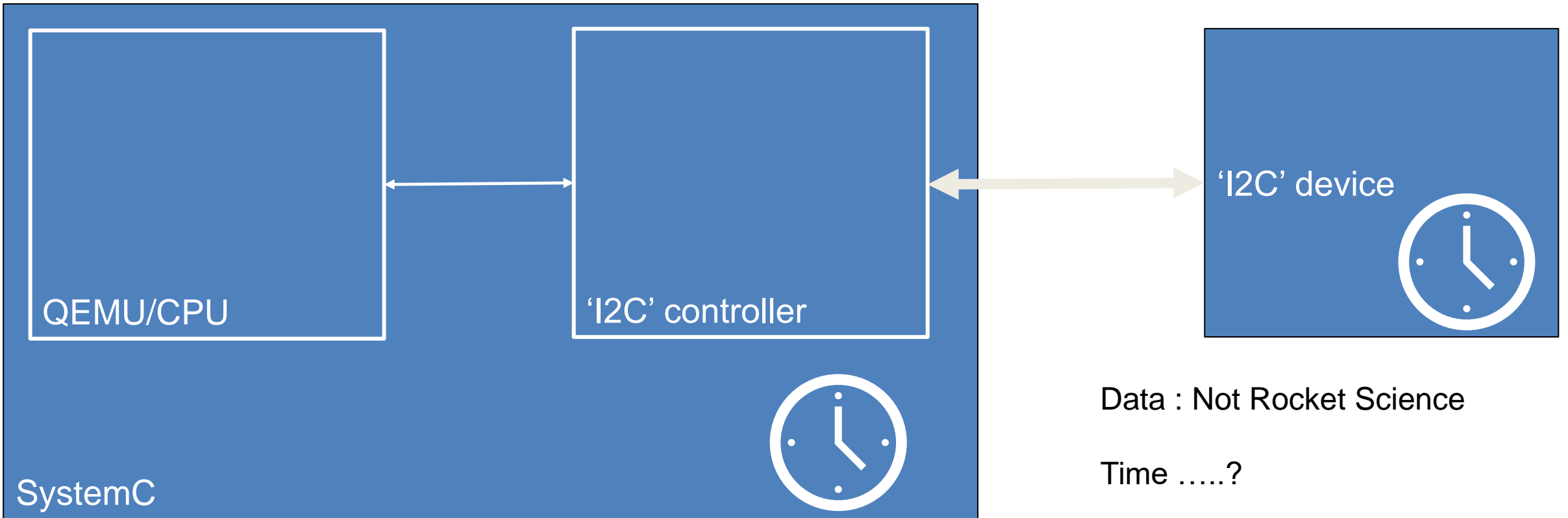
But...

Each have a notion of 'time'  
Ensuring that each is "happy"  
\_IS\_ hard !





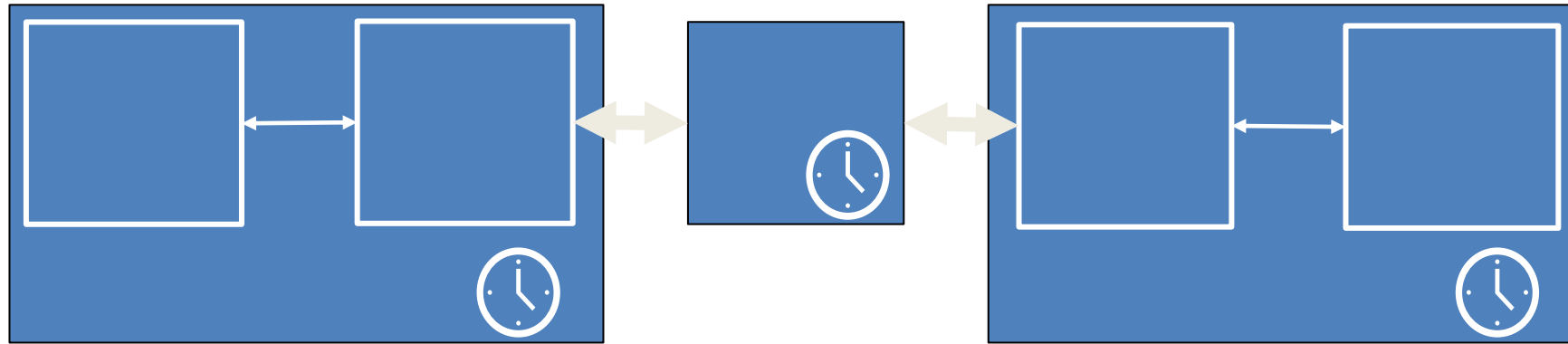
# SystemC VP



Data : Not Rocket Science

Time .....?

# Mixed VP



When Synchronisation becomes n-way:

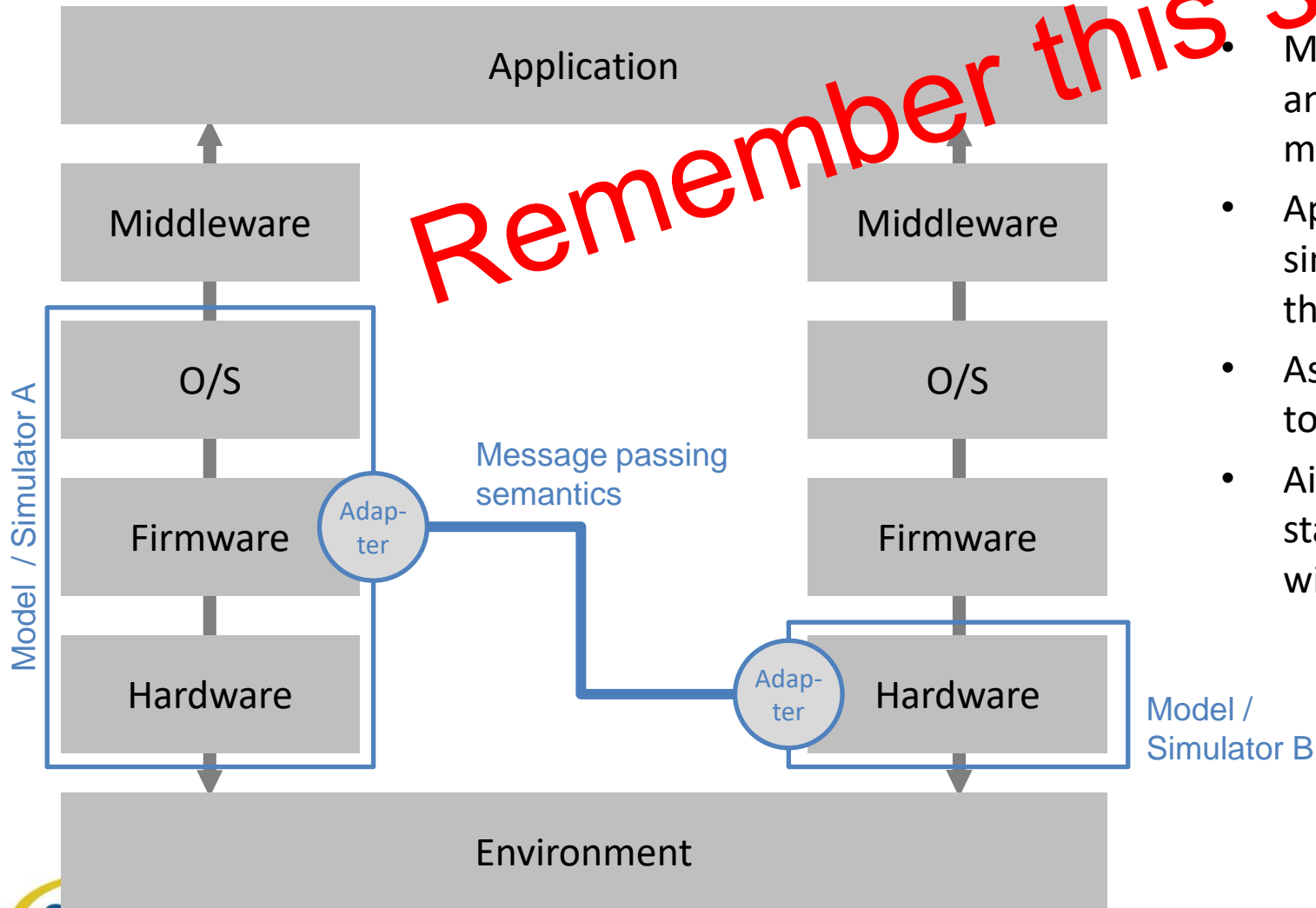
- central controllers
- “global” notions of time

But when the simulations beginning combined do not share these?

- Adapters/shims are only possible when the ‘concepts’ of time match
- If time is variously ‘abstracted’ things are more tricky. . .

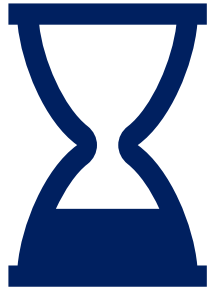
# Federated Simulation Standard - Ideas (1)

Remember this slide?



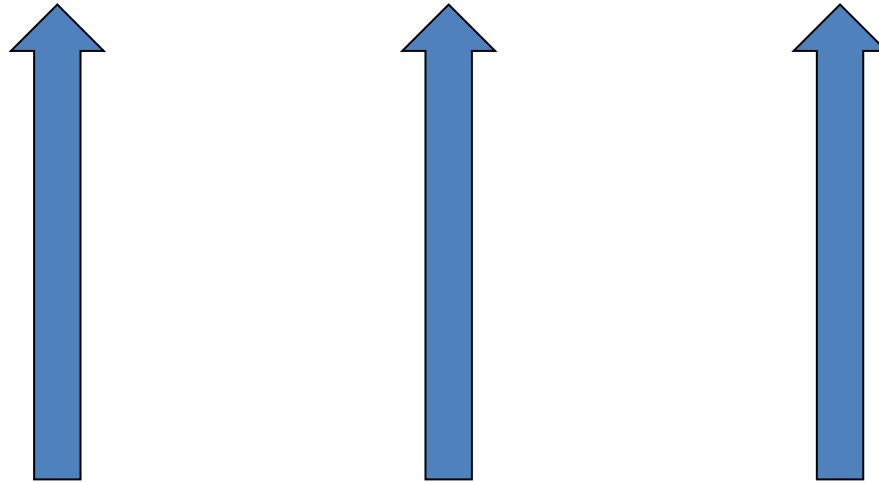
- Main idea is to introduce a 'message passing' and 'adapters' approach to bring different models / simulation domains together
- Approach should support system models and simulation domains used at different levels of the 'OSI stack'
- Assess available standards and their capabilities to enable interoperability
- Aim is not to replace existing standards, but to standardise how they can be adapted to work with each other

# Example: S/W and H/W



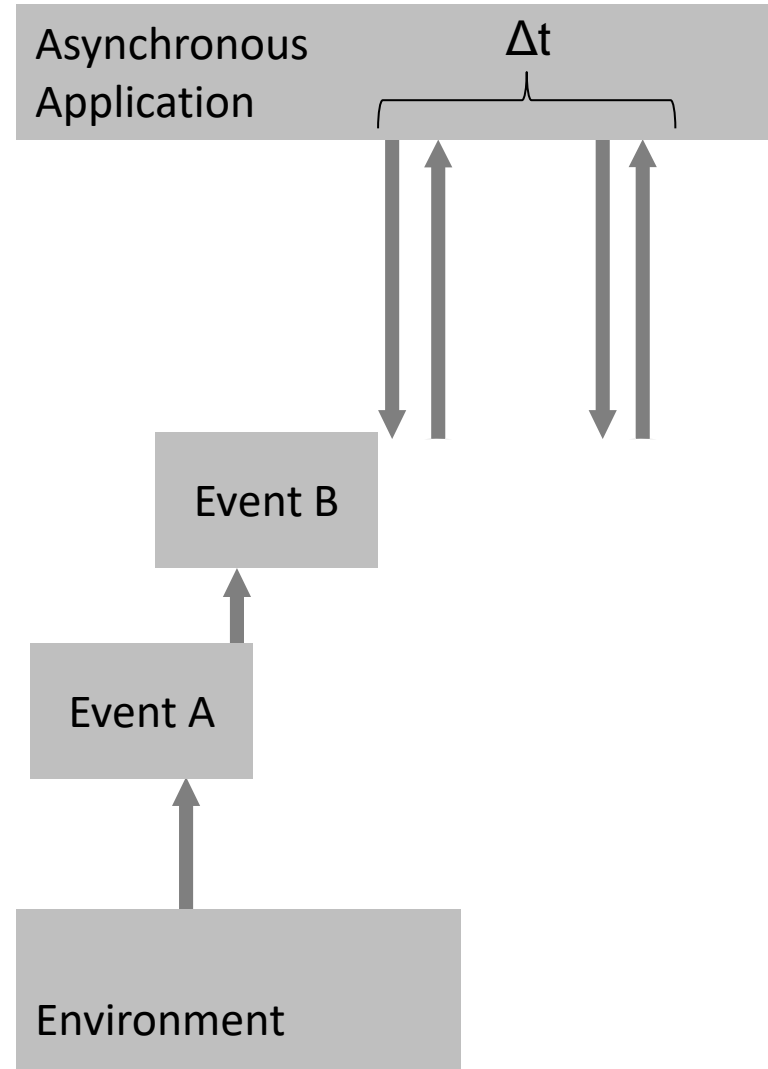
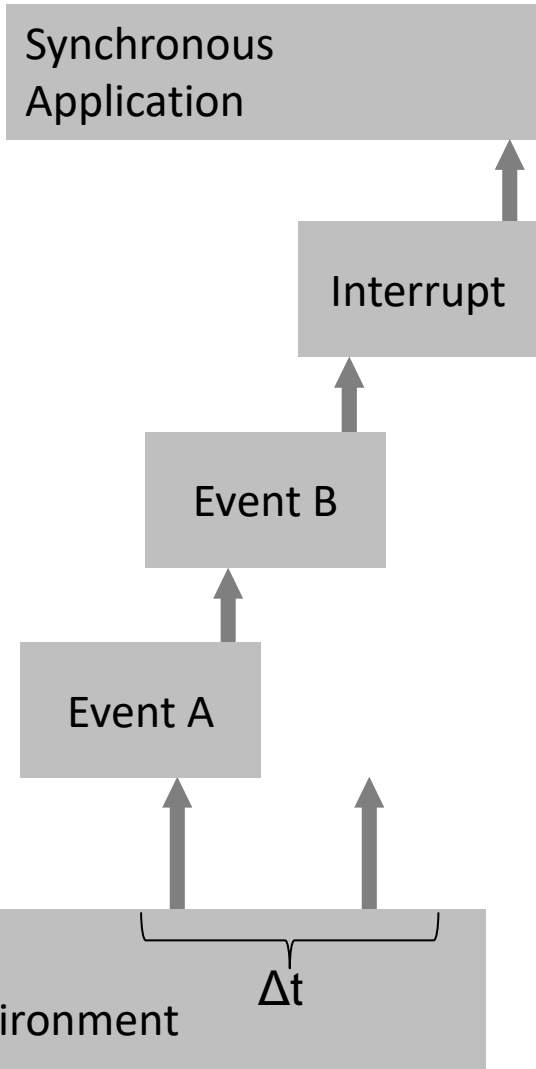
S/W expects timer interrupts at the end of each period, but....

A Virtual Platform may not know that time it is !!! Interrupts might fire too quickly....



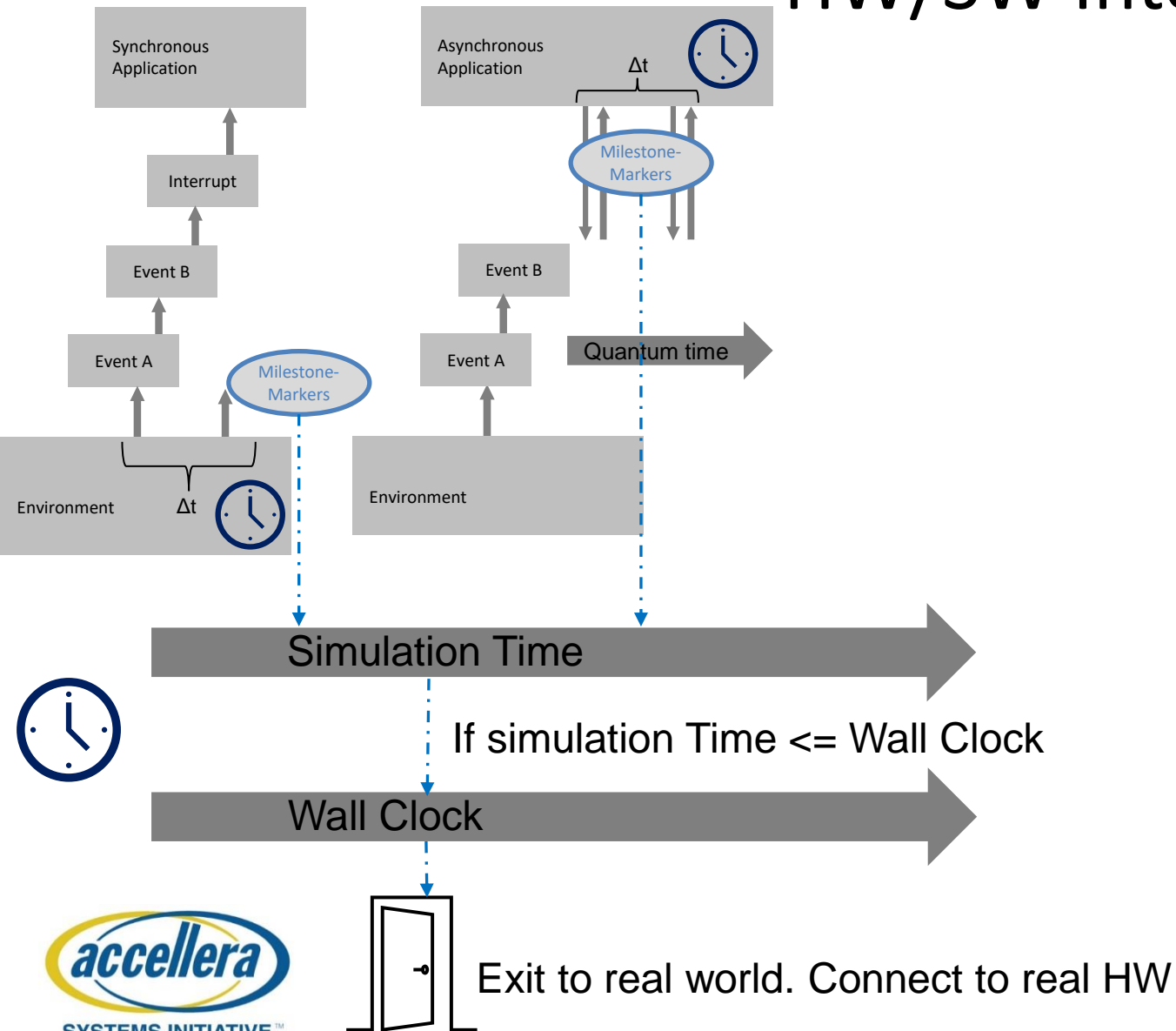


# HW/SW Interaction



- Synchronous Application can execute in zero simulation time. Time is an intrinsic artifact of event types and loops.
- Asynchronous Application polls for events every  $\Delta t$
- RTOS is formed by combining Asynchronous and Synchronous
- Audio, Video, HMI follows Synchronous model
- Synchronous resembles Software in the loop
- Asynchronous resembles Hardware in the loop
- Assess available standards and their capabilities to enable interoperability

# HW/SW Interaction



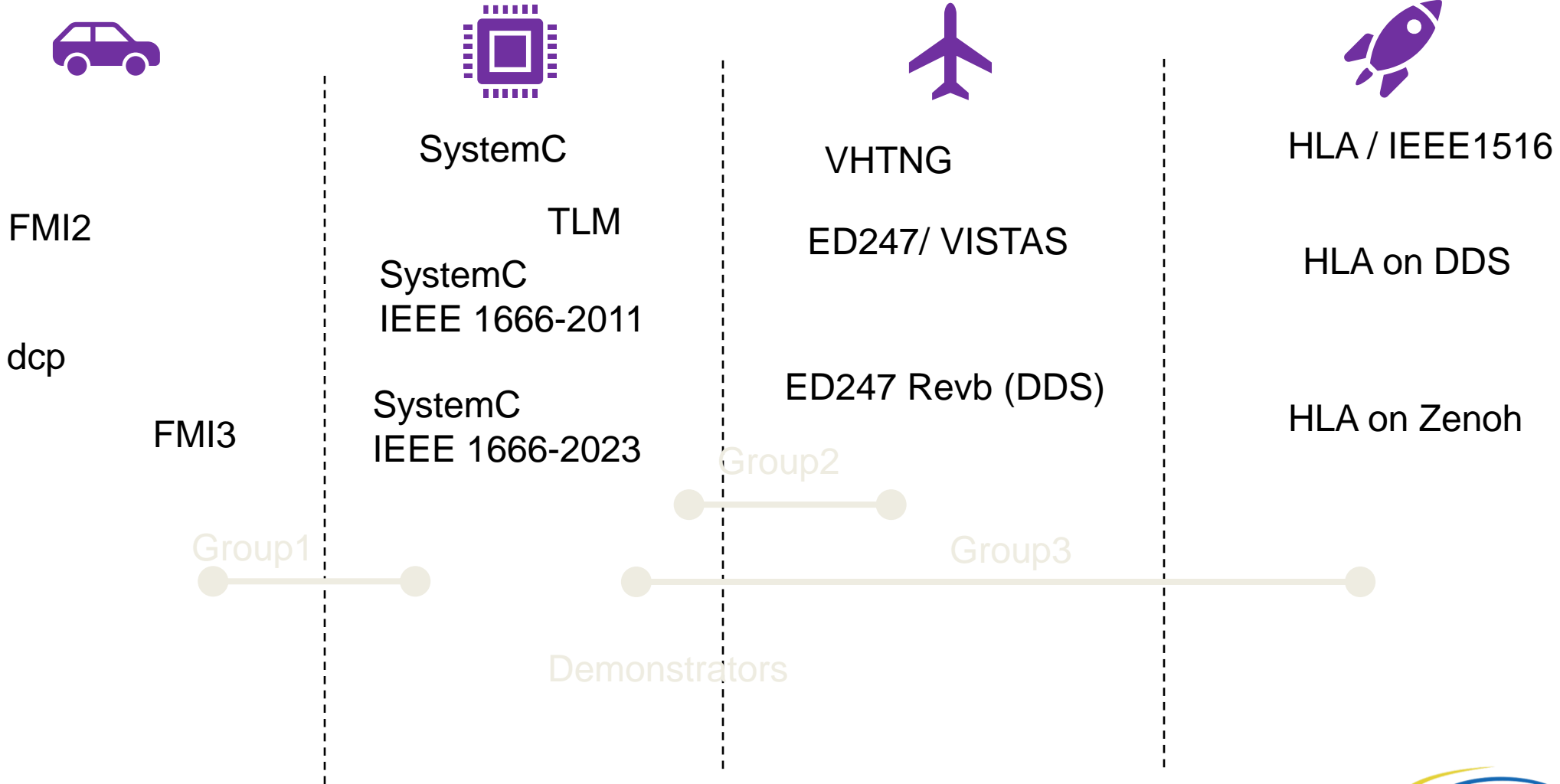
- Simulation needs awareness that certain events must be completed before or after corresponding Milestone Marker
- **Solutions to this exist... but**
  - “We’re not talking” to each other.
  - Not universally adopted
  - Not connected

# Don't throw the baby out with the bathwater!

- Lots of standards exist
- All have good/bad points
  
- Plan is to link/reuse
- NOT replace



# How will we work?





# How does this this relate to SystemC?

- What parts are there?
- Are there enough?



# Sync primitives : Do we have enough?

Primitive	Description
<code>sc_suspend_all()</code> <code>sc_unsuspend_all()</code> <code>sc_suspendable()</code> <code>sc_unsuspendable()</code>	Suspend all systemc threads if none are unsuspendable. Unsuspend. Mark suspendable. Mark unsuspendable, such that systemc can not suspend all
<code>class async_event</code>	Wrap “request_update” (the only thread safe method in SystemC) in a convenient <code>sc_core::sc_event</code> type. <code>async_attach_suspending/async_detach_suspending</code> to ensure SystemC does not quit on event starvation.  NB “request_update” events are executed by the kernel even if the kernel is suspended.
<code>Class RunOnSysC</code>	Convenience layer to schedule a lambda expression to be run by the SystemC thread. (NB this will run on the next delta cycle). Provides: <code>bool run_on_sysc(std::function&lt;void()&gt; job_entry, bool wait = true)</code>
<code>realtimelimiter</code>	A module which prevents time from advancing beyond realtime.

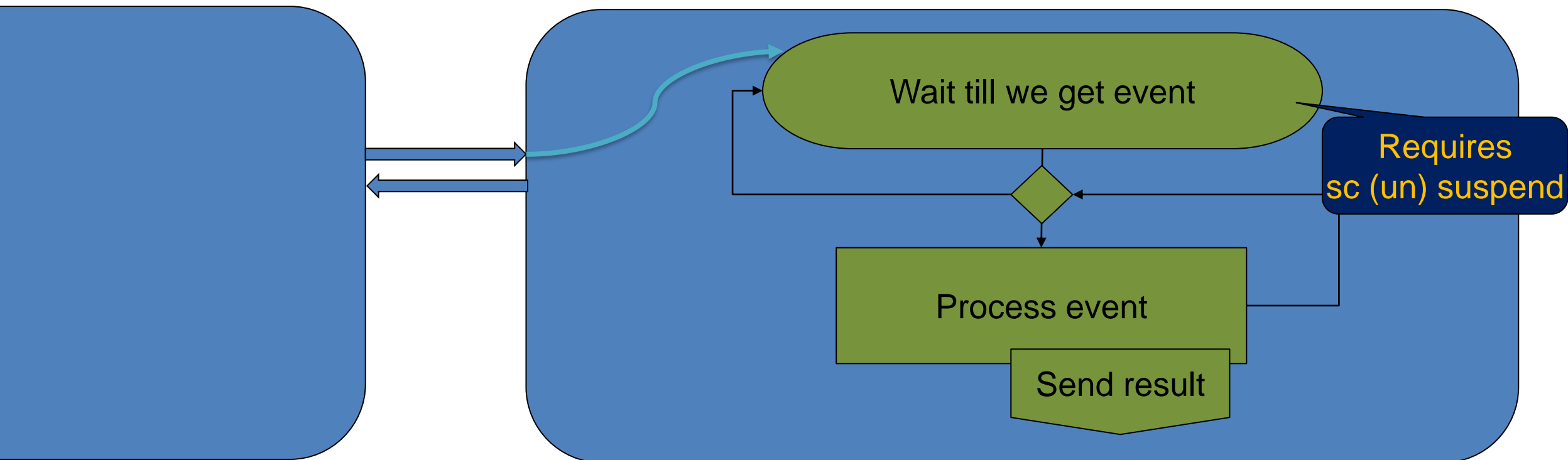
**NOW UPSTREAMED**



Code available  
github:quic/qbox

# “Cloud TLM”?

- Basis of any “external” interface: (un)suspend interface



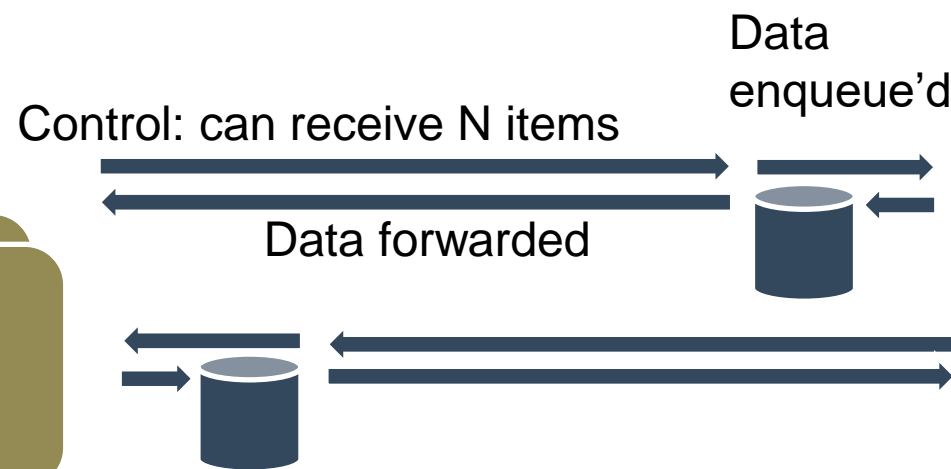
# Bidirectional serial socket



Code available  
github:quic/qbox

- Simple set of standard TLM sockets, can cover most serial interfaces
- Not 'standard' just one way of modelling interfaces

- SystemC models of UARTS, NICs, I2C. . . .



- STDIO, Socket, File, ...

- 4x tlm 2.0 GP interfaces.
- Not all fields used, but protocol used for compatibility.
- (May be sent over RPC remote)
- Convenience layer provided to enqueue data



Code available  
[github:quic/qbox](https://github.com/quic/qbox)

# RPC tlm

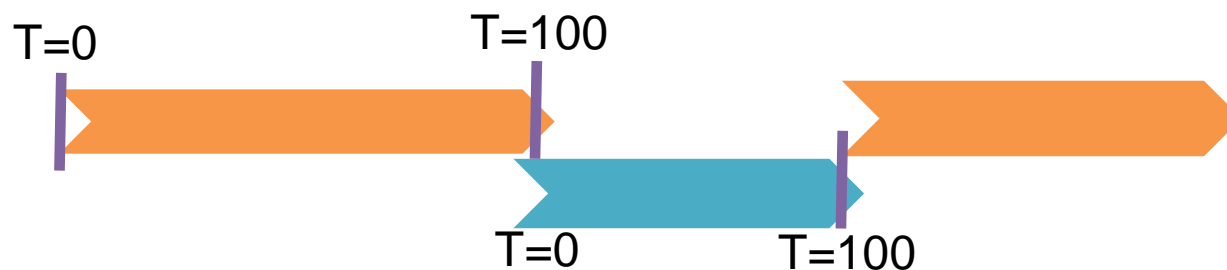


- 'n' inputs/outputs, etc..
- Relies on (un)suspend interface, and 'asynchronous' events.
- Pass TLM-2.0 interface over RPC

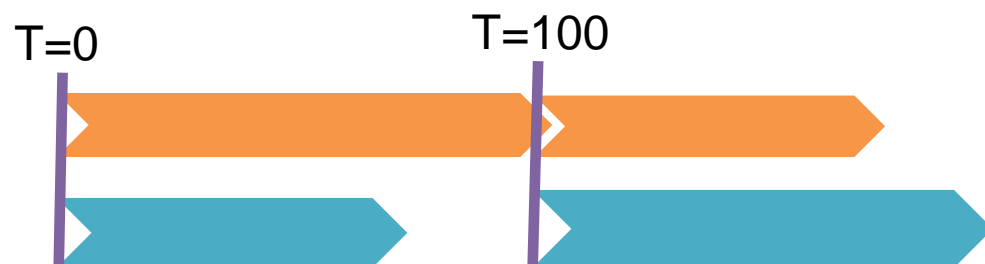


Code available  
github:quic/qbox

# Sync policies



- TLM 2.0  
ONLY DETERMINISTIC MODE

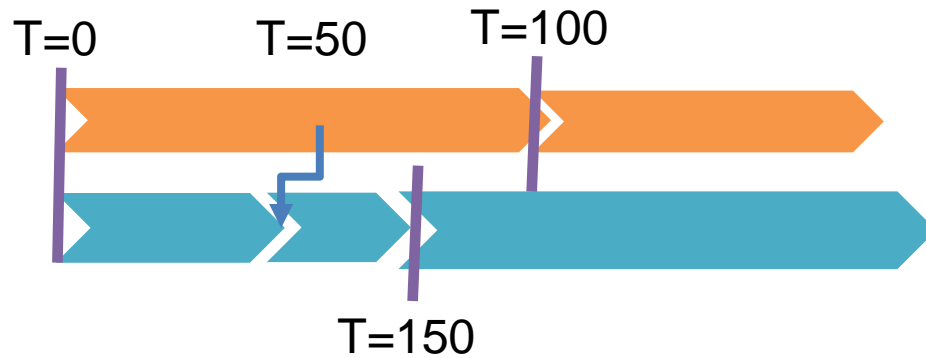


- 'parallel' TLM 2.0  
With a fixed Quantum.

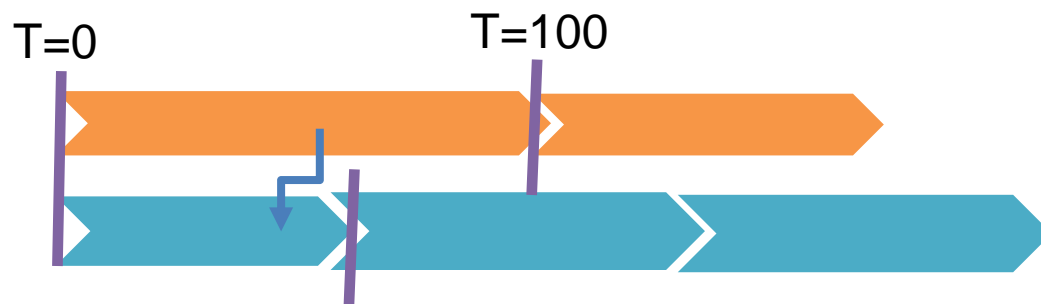


Code available  
[github:quic/qbox](https://github.com/quic/qbox)

# Sync policies



Each `b_transport` indicates a time, which can be used to allow SystemC to advance.



- 'Windowed' quantum

- Unconstrained



# Conclusion

- Lets get married
- Lets start the conversation
- Lets work on bringing standards together.

